

# SNS SFP-MR-35IR1 Multi-Rate 155Mbps~2.67Gbps SFP Single Fiber Bidirectional 20 km SFP Transceivers



#### **Highlights**

- SFP MSA transceiver
- Multi-Rate 155Mbps~2.67Gbps
- Protocols:
- 1 Gbps Ethernet
- SDH STM-16
- SONET OC-48
- Single-mode fiber
- Single fiber, bi-directional
- 1310nm DFB laser and PIN photodetector
- 0 to 20 km
- Simplex LC or SC connector
- Digital Diagnostics
- Hot-swap
- Industrial temperature models available

#### **Overview**

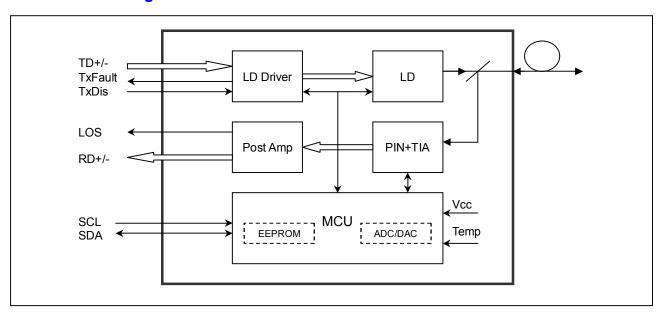
Optical SNS SFP is a high performance transceiver compliant with 1G Small Form-Factor Pluggable (SFP) Multi-Source Agreement (MSA), supporting Multi-Rate 155Mbps~2.67Gbps and transmission distance up to 20km transmission distance with SMF. The transceiver module comprises a transmitter with 1310nm DFB laser and PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. Wide temperature range of 0°C to +70°C (Commercial) or -40°C to +85°C (Industrial) and offers optimum heat dissipation and excellent electromagnetic shielding thus enabling high port densities for 1GbE systems.

#### **Specifications**

Data Rates:	155Mbps~2.67Gbps
Wavelength Tx	1310 nm
Tx Power	-5 ~ 0 dBm
Tx Disable	Yes
Wavelength Range	1260 - 1360 nm
Rx Sensitivity	-20 ~ -18.0 dBm
Rx Overload	-3 dBm
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to +70°C (Commercial) -40°C to +85°C (Industrial)
Power Consumption	< 1.1 Watts



# **Module Block Diagram**



**Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

**Recommended Operating Conditions** 

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Commercial	Тс	0		+70	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		lcc			300	mA
Data Rate			155		2670	Mbps



## **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parar	neter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter							
Centre Waveleng	gth	λc	1260	1310	1360	nm	
Spectral Width (-	20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Supp	ression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average Output	Power	Pout	-5		0	dBm	1
Extinction Ratio		ER	9			dB	
Optical Rise/Fall	Time (20%~80%)	$t_r/t_f$			0.16	ns	
Data Input Swing	g Differential	V <sub>IN</sub>	400		1800	mV	2
Input Differential Impedance		$Z_{IN}$	90	100	110	Ω	
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
TA Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
1 A Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receiv	er			
Centre Waveleng	gth	λс	1480		1580	nm	
Receiver Sensitiv	vity			-20	-18	dBm	3
Receiver Overloa	ad		-3			dBm	3
LOS De-Assert		LOS <sub>D</sub>			-23	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOS <sub>A</sub>	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			1		4	dB	
Data Output Swi	ng Differential	Vout	400		1800	mV	4
LOS		High	2.0		Vcc	V	
LOS		Low			8.0	V	

#### Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- The optical power is lauteried into own?
   PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
   Measured with a PRBS 2<sup>23</sup>-1 test pattern @2670Mbps, BER ≤1×10<sup>-12</sup>.
   Internally AC-coupled.



# **Timing and Electrical**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	$V_{H}$	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	$V_L$			0.8	V

# **Diagnostics Specification**

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration	
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External	
remperature	-40 to +85	J.C		internar/ Externar	
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External	
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External	
TX Power	-5 to 0	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	
RX Power	-18 to0	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	

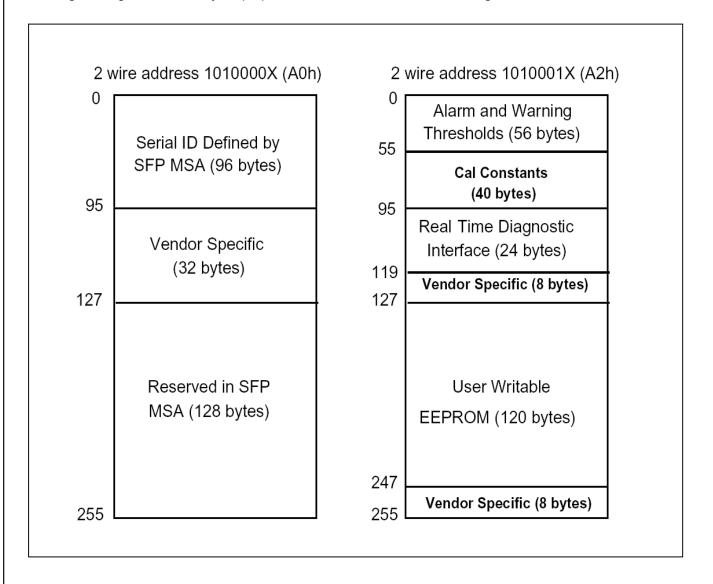


#### **Digital Diagnostic Memory Map**

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

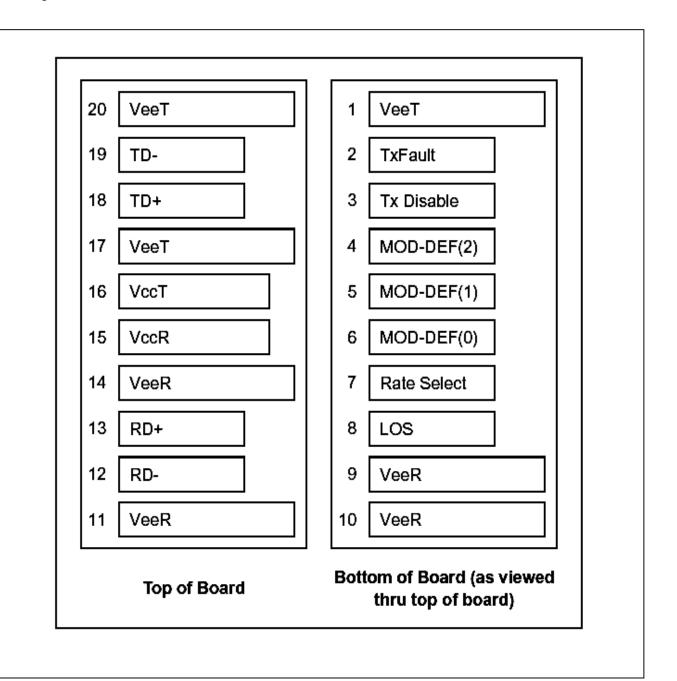
The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





#### **Pin Definitions**

Pin Diagram





#### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	$V_{EET}$	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TXDISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	$V_{EER}$	Receiver ground	1	
10	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
11	$V_{EER}$	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
15	$V_{CCR}$	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V <sub>CCT</sub>	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	$V_{EET}$	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	

#### Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8V, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

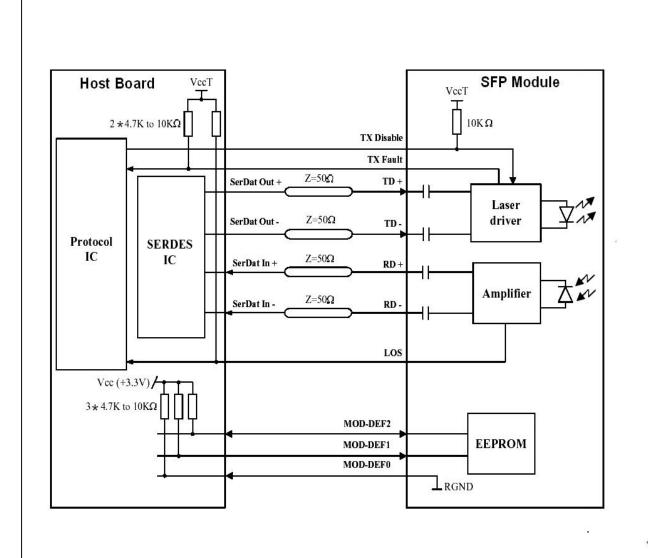
- 3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.
  - Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present
  - Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module.



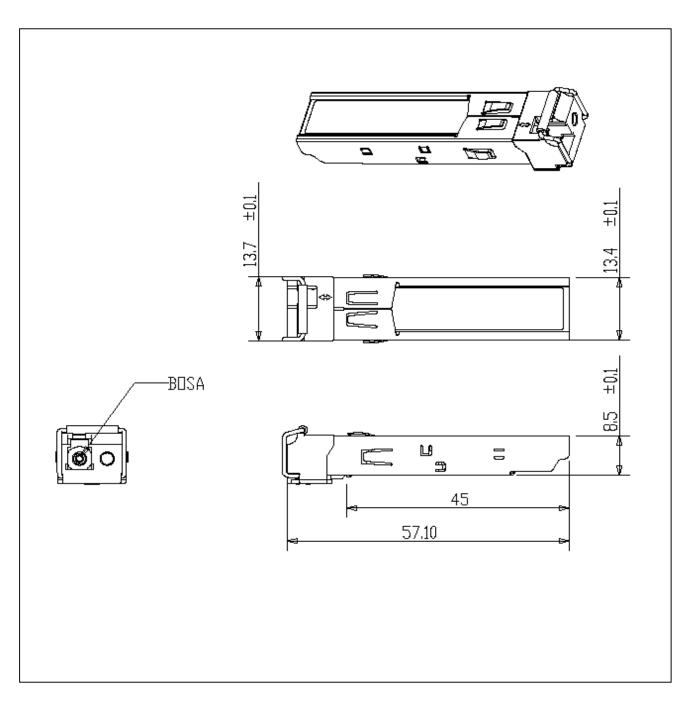
## **Recommended Interface Circuit**





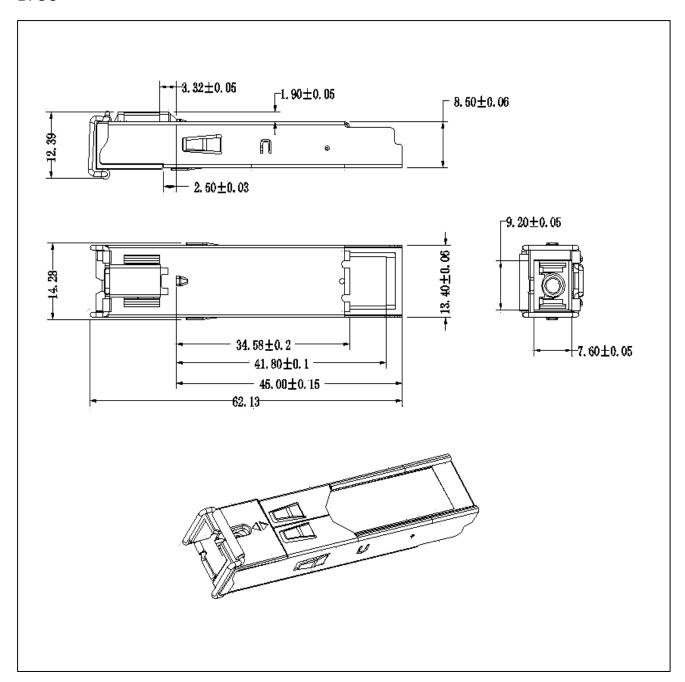
# **Mechanical Dimensions**

A. LC





# B. SC





### **Regulatory Compliance**

SFP-BIDI transceiver is designed to be Class I Laser safety compliant and is certified per the following standards:

Feature	Agency	Standard	Certificate / Comments
Laser Safety	FDA	CDRH 21 CFR 1040 annd Laser Notice No. 50	1120289-000
Product Safety	BST	EN 60825-1: 2007 EN 60825-2: 2004 EN 60950-1: 2006	BT0905142009
Environmental protection	SGS	RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC	GZ0902008347/CHEM
EMC	WALTEK	EN 55022:2006+A1:2007 EN 55024:1998+A1+A2:2003 -	WT10093768-D-E-E

**Ordering information** 

Part Number	F	Product Description
SNS SFP-MR-35IR1SC	1310nm, 155M~2.67Gbps, SC,20km,	0°C~+70°C, WithDigital Diagnostic Monitoring
SNS SFP-MR-53IR1SC	1550nm, 155M~2.67Gbps,SC, 20km,	0°C~+70°C,WithDigital Diagnostic Monitoring
SNS SFP-MR-35IR1SCTH	1310nm, 155M~2.67Gbps, SC,20km,	-40°C~+85°C,WithDigital Diagnostic Monitoring
SNS SFP-MR-53IR1SCTH	1550nm, 155M~2.67Gbps, SC,20km,	-40°C~+85°C,WithDigital Diagnostic Monitoring
SNS SFP-MR-35IR1	1310nm, 155M~2.67Gbps, LC,20km,	0°C~+70°C, WithDigital Diagnostic Monitoring
SNS SFP-MR-53IR1	1550nm, 155M~2.67Gbps, LC,20km,	0°C~+70°C, With Digital Diagnostic Monitoring
SNS SFP-MR-35IR1TH	1310nm, 155M~2.67Gbps, LC,20km,	-40°C~+85°C, With Digital Diagnostic Monitoring
SNS SFP-MR-53IR1TH	1550nm, 155M~2.67Gbps, LC,20km,	-40°C~+85°C, With Digital Diagnostic Monitoring

#### References

- 1. Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) Transceiver Multi-Source Agreement (MSA), September 2000.
- 2. Telcordia GR-253and ITU-T G.957 Specifications.

#### **Important Notice**

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