

SNS SFP-SW10/100-R Copper Ethernet SFP Transceiver



Highlights

- 10/100Base-TX to 100-FX (system)
- Speed and duplex matching
- Auto-negotiation
- MDI/MDI-X automatic detection
- Hot-pluggable SFP footprint
- Access to physical layer IC via 2-wire serial bus
- RX_LOS(Loss of Signal) support
- Compatible with IEEE802.3u
- Fully metallic enclosure for low EMI
- Compact RJ-45 connector assembly
- Hot-swap support

Overview

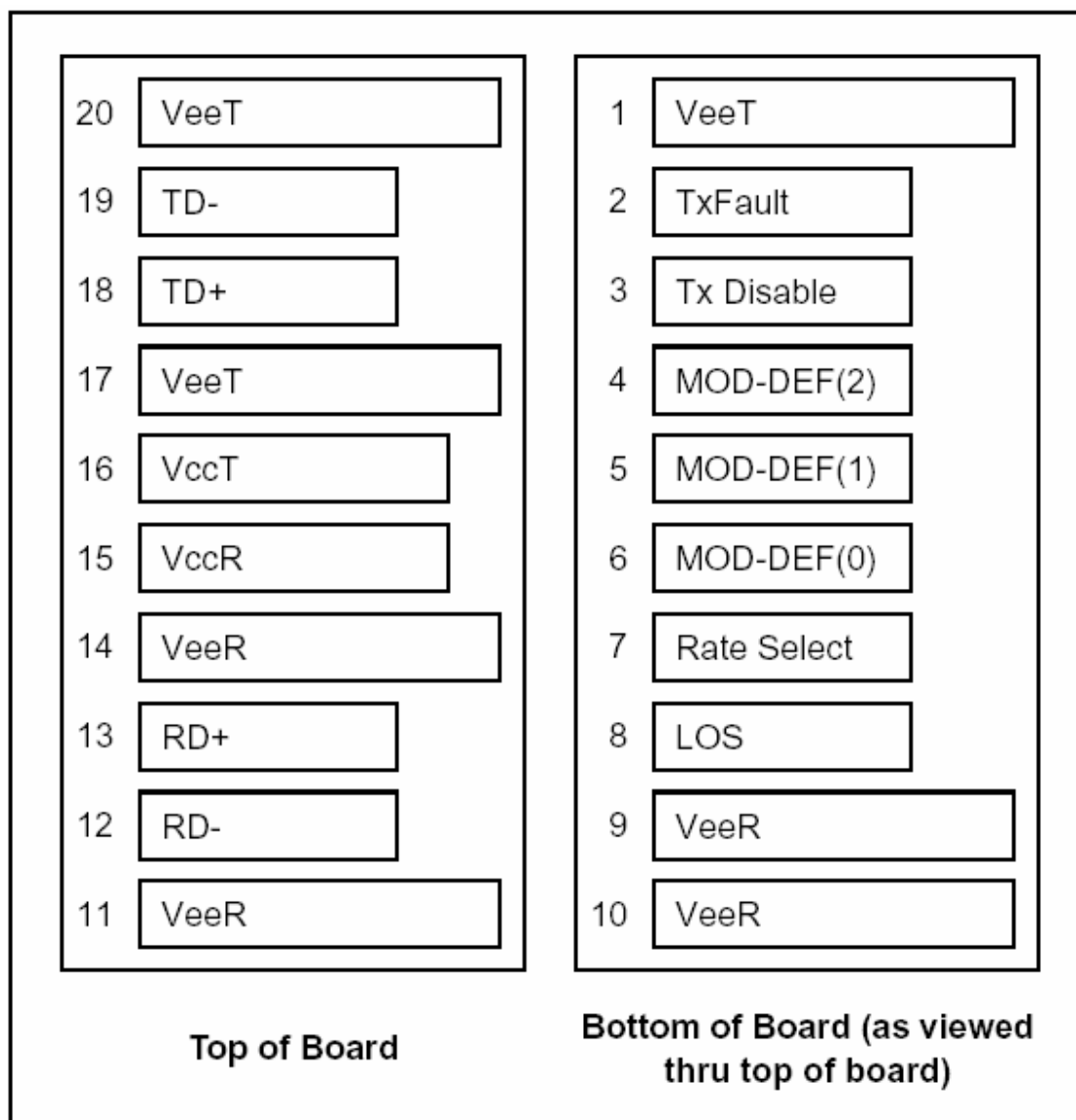
Optical SNS SFP is a high performance transceiver compliant with Small Form-Factor Pluggable (SFP) footprint. Copper Small Form Pluggable (SFP) transceiver module is specifically designed for converting 100Base-FX NRZI port interface to 10/100Base-TX interface with RJ45 connector. The transceiver module is compliant with the IEEE802.3u. The Copper SFP transceivers use an integrated RJ-45 connector with transformer and PHY IC with a wide temperature range of 0°C to +70°.

Specifications

Ethernet Standard	10/100Base-TX
Connector	RJ-45
Cable Type	CAT-5
Supports Auto MDI/MDI-X Detect	Yes
Supports Duplex Auto-Negotiation	Yes
Used with Layer 2 Devices	Yes
Storage Temperature	-40°C to 85°C
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to +70°
Power Consumption	< 1.2W

Pin Definitions

Pin Diagram



Pin Descriptions

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RX-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RX+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TX+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TX-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

1) TX Fault is not supported and is always connected to ground.

2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7 "C 10 K resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V):	Transmitter on
(>0.8, < 2.0V):	Undefined
High (2.0 to 3.465V):	Transmitter Disabled
Open:	Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K to 10K resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be V_{ccT} or V_{ccR}

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and V_{cc}+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

5) RD-/+ : These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 differential termination inside the module.

6) TD-/+ : These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 differential termination inside the module.

+3.3V Volt Electrical Power Interface

The SFP has an input voltage range of +3.3V +/- 5%. The 3.3V maximum voltage is not allowed for continuous operation.

Table 1. +3.3V Volt electrical power interface

+3.3V volt Electrical Power Interface						
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes/Conditions
Supply Current	Is		320	375	mA	1.2W max power over full range of voltage and temperature. See caution note below
Input Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	Referenced to GND
Maximum Voltage	Vmax			4	V	
Surge Current	Isurge			30	mA	Hot plug above steady state current. See caution note below

Caution: Power consumption and surge current are higher than the specified values in the SFP MSA

Low-Speed Signals

MOD_DEF(1) (SCL) and MOD_DEF(2) (SDA), are open drain CMOS signals (see section VII, "Serial Communication Protocol"). Both MOD_DEF(1) and MOD_DEF(2) must be pulled up to host_Vcc.

Table 2. Low-speed signals, electronic characteristics

Low-Speed Signals, Electronic Characteristics					
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes/Conditions
SFP Output LOW	VOL	0	0.5	V	4.7k to 10k pull-up to host_Vcc, measured at host side of connector
SFP Output HIGH	VOH	host_Vcc - 0.5	host_Vcc + 0.3	V	4.7k to 10k pull-up to host_Vcc, measured at host side of connector
SFP Input LOW	VIL	0	0.8	V	4.7k to 10k pull-up to Vcc, measured at SFP side of connector
SFP Input HIGH	VIH	2	Vcc + 0.3	V	4.7k to 10k pull-up to Vcc, measured at SFP side of connector

High-Speed Electrical Interface

All high-speed signals are AC-coupled internally.

Table 3. High-speed electrical interface, transmission line-SFP

High-Speed Electrical Interface Transmission Line-SFP						
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes/Conditions
Line Frequency	fL		125		MHz	5-level encoding, per IEEE 802.3u
Tx Output Impedance	Zout,TX		100		Ohm	Differential, for all Frequencies between 1MHz and 125MHz
Rx Input Impedance	Zin,RX		100		Ohm	Differential, for all Frequencies between 1MHz and 125MHz

High-speed electrical interface, host-SFP

Table 4. High-speed electrical interface, host-SFP

High-Speed Electrical Interface, Host-SFP						
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes/Conditions
Single ended data input swing	Vinsing	250		1200	mV	Single ended
Single ended data output swing	Voutsing	350		800	mV	Single ended
Rise/Fall Time	Tr,Tf		175		psec	20%-80%
Tx Input Impedance	Zin		50		Ohm	Single ended
Rx Output Impedance	Zout		50		Ohm	Single ended

General Specifications

Table 5. General specifications

General						
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes/Conditions
Data Rate	BR	10		100	Mb/sec	IEEE802.3u
Cable Length	L			100	m	Category 5 UTP. BER <10-12

Notes:

1. Clock tolerance is +/- 50 ppm
2. By default, the SFP is a full duplex device in preferred master mode
3. Automatic crossover detection is enabled. External crossover cable is not required

Environmental Specifications

Table 6. Environmental specifications

Environmental Specifications						
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes/Conditions
Operating Temperature	Top	0		70	°C	Case temperature
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-40		85	°C	Ambient temperature

Mechanical Specifications

The host-side of the SFP conforms to the mechanical specifications outlined in the SFP MSA1. The front portion of the SFP (part extending beyond the face plate of the host) is larger to accommodate the RJ-45 connector.

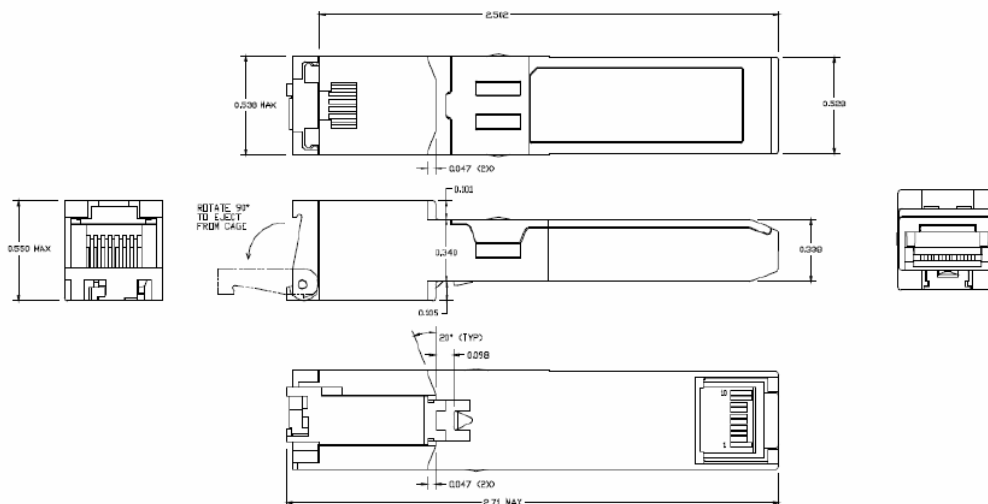


Figure 2. mechanical dimensions

Ordering information

Part number	
SNS SFP-SW10/100-R	10/100Mbps, Copper Ethernet SFP Transceiver
SNS SFP-SW100-R	100Mbps only, Copper Ethernet SFP Transceiver